

शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर

प्रति, मा.प्राचार्य, सर्व संलग्न महाविद्यालये, शिवाजी विद्यापीठ, कोल्हापूर.

महोदय / महोदया,

मा.अवर सचिव, महाराष्ट्र शासन, उच्च व तंत्र शिक्षण विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई यांचे क्रमांक:संकीर्ण-२०१७/प्र.क्र.५१२/विशि-३, दि.१२/१०/२०१७ चे पत्र व सदर पत्रासोबतची The Maharashtra Prohibition of Ragging Act, १९९९ ची प्रत सोबत जोडली आहे. त्यानुसार कार्यवाही करावी तसेच महाविद्यालयांनी त्यांच्या प्रॉस्पेक्टसमध्ये रॅगिंगला आळा घालण्याविषयी व परिणामाविषयीचे शासनाचे आदेश समाविष्ट करणे बंधनकारक आहे, याची नोंद घेऊन प्रॉस्पेक्टसमध्ये सदरची बाब अंतर्भृत करावी.

कळावे,

सोबत - वरीलप्रमाणे. संदर्भ क्र. संलग्नता/टी-२/**N**0 1 2 7 - -दि.: '25 OCT 2017 आदेश्रान्वये,

ंउप्रकुलसिंचव

प्रत - मा.अवर सचिव, महाराष्ट्र शासन, उच्च व तंत्र शिक्षण विभाग, मंत्रालय, मुंबई यांना माहितीसाठी.

महाराष्ट्र शासन

ई-मेलव्दारा

क्र. संकीर्ण २०१७/प्र. क्र. ५१२/विशि-३ उच्च व तंत्र शिक्षण विभाग, मादाम कामा मार्ग, हुतात्मा राजगुरु चौक, मंत्रालय, मुंबई - ४०० ०३२. दिनांक :- १२ ऑक्टोबर, २०१७.

प्रति,

१) संचालक,उच्च शिक्षण,महाराष्ट्र राज्य, पुणे.

- २) संचालक, तंत्र शिक्षण, धोबी तलाव, मुंबई-१
- ३) संचालक,व्यवसाय शिक्षण/व्यवसाय प्रशिक्षण,धोबी तलाव, मुंबई-१
- ४) संचालक, ग्रंथालय, टाऊन हॉल, मुंबई-२३,
- पंचालक,
 कला संचालनालय,
 सर ज. जी.शाळा आवार,
 डॉ. दादाभाई नौरोजी मार्ग, मुंबई-१,
- ६) कुलसचिव, सर्व अकृषी विद्यापीठे,

विषय- महाविद्यालये/शैक्षणिक संस्था यामध्ये रॅगिंगच्या घटना होऊ नयेत यासाठी विश्वविद्यालय अनुदान आयोगाच्या नियमाचे पालन सक्तीचे करण्याबाबत.

महोदय.

उपरोक्त विषयावरील अपर सचिव, विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोग, नवी दिल्ली यांनी मा. मुख्य सचिव यांना पाठविलेल्या पत्राची प्रत सोबत जोडली आहे.

२. सिव्हील अपिल क्र. ८८७/२००९ मध्ये मा. सर्वोच्च न्यायालयाने दिलेले आदेश विचारात घेऊन विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोगाने UGC Regulations on Curbing the menaces of ragging in higher educational institutions २००९ तयार केले असून ते युजीसीच्या www.ugc.ac.in या वेबसाईटवर उपलब्ध आहेत.

रॅगिंग हा गुन्हा असून रॅगिंगला आळा घालण्यास सर्व प्राथम्य देणे आवश्यक आहे. विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोगाने सर्व शैक्षणिक संस्थांना त्यांच्या prospectus मध्ये, रॅगिंगला आळा घालण्याविषयी व परिणामाविषयीचे शासनाचे आदेश समाविष्ट करणे बंधनकारक केलेले आहे.

3. गेल्या ९ वर्षात महाराष्ट्र राज्यात एकूण २३२ रॅगिंग प्रकरणांची नोंद झाली असून तो आकडा फारच मोठा असून स्वीकाराई नाही. त्यामुळे देशातील उच्च शिक्षण पध्दतीवर प्रतिकुल परिणाम होत आहे. त्यामुळे "राज्य रॅगिंग मुक्त" करण्याबाबत त्वरीत कार्यवाही करण्याची विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोगाने विनंती केलेली आहे.

४. वर विशद केलेल्या परिस्थितीत राज्यातील कोणत्याही शैक्षणिक संस्थामध्ये/ महाविद्यालयामध्ये रॅगिंगच्या घटना घडू नयेत यासाठी विद्यापीठ अनुदान आयोगाने दि.१७ जून, २००९ अन्वये विहीत केलेल्या नियमांचे सर्व महाविद्यालये व शैक्षणिक संस्था यांनी पालन करणे सक्तीचे असून त्यांच्या prospectus मध्ये, रॅगिंगला आळा घालण्याविषयी व परिणामाविषयीचे शासनाचे आदेश समाविष्ट करणे बंधनकारक असल्याच्या सूचना आपल्या अधिपत्याखालील सर्व शैक्षणिक संस्था व महाविद्यालये यांना देण्यात याव्यात व त्यानुसार केलेल्या कार्यवाहीची माहिती शासनास अवगत करावी, ही विनंती.

सोबत - वरीलप्रमाणे.

आपली,

(ज. आ. खवणेकर) अवर सचिव, महाराष्ट्र शासन

MAHARASHTRA ACT No. XXXIII OF 19991.

[THE MAHARASHTRA PROHIBITION OF RAGGING ACT. 1999. 1

(This Act received the assent of the Governor on the 13th May 1999; assent was first published in the Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part IV, Extraordinary, on the 15th May 1999.)

An Act to prohibit ragging in educational institutions in the State of Maharashtra.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enact a special law to prohibit ragging in educational institutions in the State of Maharashtra; It is hereby enacted in the Fiftieth Year of the Republic of India as follows:-

1. (1) This Act may be called the Maharashtra Prohibition Shorttitle of Ragging Act, 1999.

commencement

- (2) It shall come into force on such *date as the State Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, appoint.
 - 2. In this Act, unless the context otherwise requires, Definitions.
 - (a) "educational institution" means and includes a college, or other institution by whatever name called, carrying on the activity or imparting education therein (either exclusively or among other activities); and includes on orphanage or a boarding home or hostel or a tutorial institution or any other premises attached thereto;

¹ For Statement of Objects and Reasons, see Maharashtra Government Gazette, Part V-A. Extraordinary, dated the 7th April 1999, p. 169.

^{* 1}st June 1999, vide G. N., H. & T.E.D., No. Sankirna. 1098/(133/98)/UNI-3, dated the 19th May 1999, published in Maharashtra Government Gazette, 1999, Part IV-B, Extra, No. 301, p. 2.

- (b) "head of the educational institution" means the Vice-Chancellor of the University, Dean of Medical Faculty, Director of the Institution or the Principal, Headmaster or the person responsible for the management of the educational institution;
- (c) "ragging" means display of disorderly conduct, doing of any act which causes or is likely to cause physical or psychological harm or raise apprehension or fear or shame or embarrassment to a student in any educational institution and includes—
 - (i) teasing, abusing, threatening or playing practical jokes on, or causing hurt to, such student; or
 - (ii) asking a student to do any act or perform something which such student will not, in the ordinary course, willingly, do.

Prohibition of ragging.

3. Ragging within or outside of any educational institution is prohibited.

Penalty for ragging.

4. Whoever directly or indirectly commits, participates in, abets or propagates ragging within or outside any educational institution shall, on conviction, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to two years and shall also be liable to a fine which may extend to ten thousand rupees.

Dismissl of student.

5. Any student convicted of an offence under section 4 shall be dismissed from the educational institution and such student shall not be admitted in any other educational institution for a period of five years from the date of order of such dismissal.

Suspension of student.

6. (1) Whenever any student or, as the case may be, the parent or guardian, or a teacher of an educational institution complains, in writing, of ragging to the head of the educational institution, the head of that educational institution shall, without prejudice to the foregoing provisions, within seven days of the receipt of the complaint, enquire into the matter mentioned in the complaint and if, prima facie, it is found true, suspend the student who is accused of the offence, and shall, immediately forward the complaint to the Police Station having jurisdiction over the area in which the educational institution is situated, for further action.

- (2) Where, on enquiry by the head of the educational institution, it is proved that there is no substance, prima facie, in the complaint received under sub-section (1), he shall intimate the fact, in writing, to the complainant.
- (3) The decite in of the head of the educational institution that the student has indulged in ragging under sub-section (1), shall be final.
- 7. If the head of the educational institution fails or neglects beemed to take action in the manner specified in section 6 when a complaint of ragging is made, such person shall be deemed to have abetted the offence of ragging and shall, on conviction, be punished as provided for in section 4.
 - the Power to
- 8. (1) The State Government may, by notification in the Power to Official Gazette, make rules for carrying out all or any of the make rules. purposes of this Act.
- (2) Every rule made under this Act shall be laid, as soon as may be, after it is made, before each House of the State Legislature, while it is in session for a total period of thirty days, which may be comprised in one session or in two or more successive sessions, and if, before the expiry of the session in which it is so laid or the session immediately following, both Houses agree in making any modification in the rules or both Houses agree that the rule should not be made, and notify such decision in the Official Gazette, the rule shall, from the date of publication of such notification, have effect only in such modified form or be of no effect, as the case may be; so however, that any such modification or annulment shall be without prejudice to the validity of anything previously done or omitted to be done under that rule.